	January 1994	November 1994	Percent Change
Boston	Regulated \$79.91	Unregulated \$69.99	-12.41%
Hartford	Regulated \$93.31	Regulated \$90.75	-2.74%

Source: Dr. Jerry Hausman, MIT



CALIFORNIA'S RATE REGULATIONS HARM CONSUMERS

- Atlantic Cellular's customers in New Hampshire, New York, and Vermont pay \$15 per month for unlimited nationwide calling.
 - * Atlantic Cellular's customers in California do not receive this benefit as result of the California PUC's regulation of intrastate cellular rates.
- Outside of California, Atlantic Cellular's customers can buy a cellular telephone for \$50.
 - * Atlantic Cellular's customers in California must pay \$200 for the same telephone as a result of the California PUC's regulation of intrastate cellular rates.



CTIA San Francisco Chronicle

415.777 1111 SO CENTS

How State Cellular Rule Has Failed

By Peter Sinton Chronicle Sonter Orthor

California is the only state where consumers have the option of buying culiular phones separately from cellular service.

In other states, phones and services are typically bundled and in many cases, con-sumers can get phones for little or nothing if they sign up for a long-term service contract.

Equipment prices are higher, ten. The most popular Motorch filippinese medal that sells for \$100 in the Bay Area might cest needing in Reac or Chicago so leng as customers ago a one-year local service contract.

Doug Dade, a supervisor with the Califor-

in California, consumers may choose to but the equipment vendor is prohibited from discounting the phone mere than 10 percent or K20 below the wholesale price, whichever buy hardware and service at the same time

The unique California regulation was supposed to spur competition and reduce rates for both phones and phone service. The state wasted to prevent service graviders from using their near-monopoly jowers and profits to subsidize phones and undercut smaller phone retailers

But it basa't worked out that way.

ala Public Utilities Commission, and the idea behind the state's "aut-bundling" pullty was to make cellular service companies compute for customers by offering lower rates, not

Ben Kahrnoff, general manager in Call-fornia for GTE Mobilnet, one of the Bay Ar-ea's two cellular service providers, estimates that local rates are about 10 percent to 13 percent higher than in most of the 50 other markets served by bis company.

"Except for an occasional promotional pricing plan for new customers, since 1804

First, cellular service compasies pay hefty commissions — 9100 or more per cus-tomer — to equipment dealers who sign up

But the strategy hasn't worked in most markets for two main reasons.

cheaper phones.

consumers for their service. The PUC chase not to regulate such commissions basic monthly access and usage charges in California remain virtually unchanged and are among the highest in the nation," said Amemblywoman Gwen Moore, D.Los Ange-

In addition, the government has done a poor job in policing its regulations, especially in Southern California. Dade said some stores fere they buy phones and a few even hand out used phones to those who sign up for new service. Both practicus are against the law in have required communers to buy service be California, but regulators have a tough time because their powers extend to service conpanies, but not retailers.

Some observers including Boore, chair of the Amembly Utilities and Commerce Com-mitties, buffere the problem is not state regu-lation but the fact that the Poderal Communications Commission limits service competition by allowing no more than two cellular carriers in each market.

cellular service companies

The idea was to make

compete for customers by

offering lower rates

lar phone business. Some industry sources expect the PUC will after its auti-bundling stance in the next few weeks, which could lead to lower equipment prices. The California PUC is re-examinant the ray it oversee the multibilities deliar cellu-

inc phone store in San Francisco, voulda't be susprined to see the partinging of equipment and service contracts within a year. "It could make life difficult for any small dealer," he Bill Murphy, owner of the On Line cellu



ZONING = ANTI-COMPETITIVE

• 15,000 CELLULAR TOWERS

• 15,000 MORE CELLULAR TOWERS

• 100,000 PCS TOWERS



ZONING = ANTI-COMPETITIVE

FCC PROMOTING COMPETITION

38,000 GOVERNMENTS OBSTRUCT



PREEMPTION OF STATE AND LOCAL REGULATION: TOWER SITING

Section 332 of the Communications Act, as amended, supports federal preemption of state and local tower site regulations:

- Section 332 expressly prohibits state and local governments from regulating entry into mobile services.
- Congress intended to prohibit state entry barriers, whether direct or indirect, which have the purpose or effect of barring commercial mobile radio services.

Any state or local regulations that has the purpose or effect of barring entry -- including zoning of tower sites -- must be preempted.



ZONING = ANTI-COMPETITIVE

- COLLIER COUNTY, FL
- 18 MONTHS TO LOCATE NEXT TO <u>DUMP!</u>
- 11 LOCAL AGENCIES
- DELAYED SERVICES 18 MONTHS



ZONING = PREPOSTEROUS CLAIMS

Cellular Phones

West Hollywood, Cal., denies transmission post

be West Hollywood, California, denied a request by L.A. Cellular in early October for a proposed new transmission post after local residents complained of possible health hazards.

This marked the second time in a matter of months that West Hollywood has denied requests for transmission facilities by cellular phone companies on health grounds.

Last June the town denied a request by Pac Tel Cellular to upgrade two transmission sites.

Opposition to the cellular transmission sites is being led by Mary Worley of West Hollywood who contends that radiation from cellular antennas caused cancer that killed

one of her pet dogs and caused three other pets to become ill

The phone companies insisted their low-power operations are safe and said the evidence presented by Worley was slanted and did not apply to them.

Worley is a retired medical aide who presented her arguments with the help of other lay-person neighbors. The City Council voted against allowing the new transmission post, although a phone company consultant with ah Ph.D. testified that it would not pose any health hazard.

Source: EMF Litigation News, 11/93



M.J. RICHTER

From Fancy New Phones, Big Local Revenue Possibilities

f city governments get their acts together now, they can ensure that an innovative communications service soon to appear throughout the country will do more than offer telephone service to people on the run. It also can make hefty annual contributions to municipal treasuries.

GOVERNING May 1994



COMPETITION REQUIRES ...

NATIONAL POLICY

FOR NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE



INTERCONNECTION

- GOOD ALL NETWORKS INTERCONNECT VIA LEC
- UNNECESSARY CMRS-TO-CMRS
- BAD PIECEMEAL UNBUNDLING
- MIS-NAMED "INTERCONNECTION"

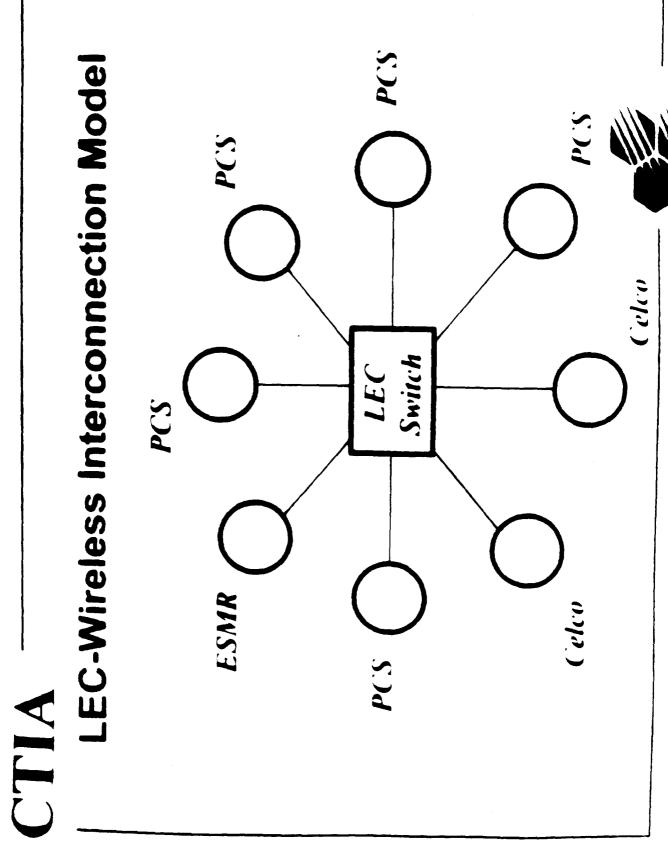


GOOD INTERCONNECTION

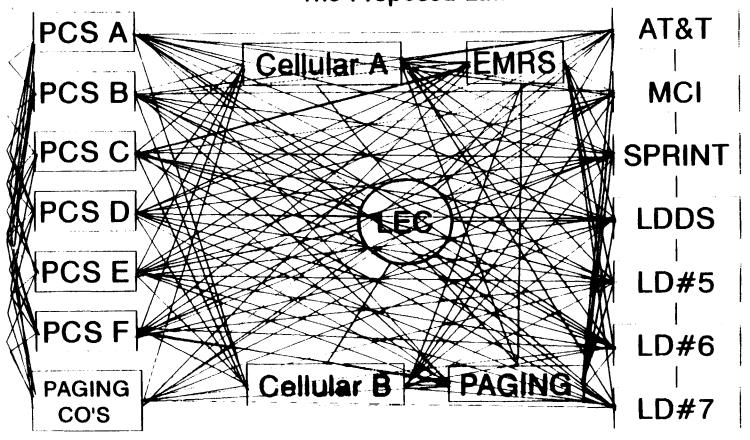
• ANY USER CAN ACCESS ANOTHER USER

• "NETWORK OF NETWORKS"





FULL CARRIER INTERCONNECTION REGULATION The Proposed Law





BAD INTERCONNECTION

RIDING ON BACK OF GOOD NAME OF "INTERCONNECTION"

STOP COMPETITIVE INVESTMENT



UNBUNDLED INTERCONNECTION

- TECHNICALLY INFEASIBLE IN CMRS
 - CMRS REQUIRES CONSTANT SEAMLESS COMMUNICATION BETWEEN SWITCHES-ANTENNA-CUSTOMER
- A REGULATORY/ADMINISTRATIVE NIGHTMARE (REQUIRES USOA AND STAFF)



"MIS-NAMED" INTERCONNECTION: ROAMING AND RESALE

Primary Concern:

- Interoperability between wireless networks, or
- As expressed by American Personal Communications (APC):

As PCS providers begin building out their systems, they will be able to offer competitive service only if subscribers have access to nationwide roaming capabilities on cellular systems.



CELLULAR RESALE OBLIGATION

- Cellular carriers have always been subject to a resale obligation.
- A PCS provider could offer wide-area service while it completes network construction.
- Outside of their existing territories, cellular carriers will be PCS providers. Thus, the availability of cellular resale is just as important to them.



PCS-CELLULAR ROAMING WILL OCCUR THROUGH BUSINESS ARRANGEMENTS AND IS-41 CONNECTION

- PCS-cellular roaming is predicated on the use of dual-band (800-900 MHz and 2 GHz) telephones.
- Roaming between PCS and cellular carriers is made possible through business arrangements.
- Both carriers must be connected to an SS7 network and adhere to the IS-41 protocol.
- Outside of their existing territories, cellular carriers will be PCS providers. Thus, the ability to roam on cellular networks is just as important to them.



PROVEN PARADIGM

• CREATE COMPETITIVE MARKET

ALLOW RUTHLESSNESS OF COMPETITION

ENJOY THE REWARDS



WIRELESS COMPETITION

CELLULAR

• PCS

ESMR

SATELLITE



WARNING: PROPOSALS BEING ADVANCED TO

UNDO THE COMPETITIVE MARKET



USING GOVERNMENT TO THWART COMPETITION

- SO-CALLED "EQUAL ACCESS"
- MFJ CONCEPT IMPOSED ON COMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENT



"EQUAL" ACCESS DEFINED

- LOCAL CARRIER IS ONLY A GATEWAY FOR LONG DISTANCE CARRIER
- REMOVES A LONG DISTANCE COMPETITOR



THE WIRELESS DIFFERENCE

- TECHNOLOGY KNOWS NO BOUNDARIES
- IXC NOT NEEDED FOR REGIONAL CALLING
- LONG DISTANCE ACCESS = HIGHER CONSUMER COSTS

